



CONGRESS.

INCORPORATE THE INSURANCE COMPANY OF GEORGETOWN. Some discussion then took place on the resolution laid on the table by Mr. Letcher, to amend the rules of the House, in such a manner as to preclude discussion on motions to print documents connected with the ordinary business of the House. Various motions were made to amend, and the greater part of the amendments were accepted by the mover as a modification of his resolution. The debate was then arrested by the call for the previous question, and the question being divided into three parts, and the yeas and nays taken on each, the first branch of the resolution was adopted by a vote of 110 to 74, and the other two divisions were rejected. The resolution, as finally adopted, reads thus: "A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, and the motion to be on the table, shall be decided without debate."

MONDAY, MARCH 8. In the Senate, the act making appropriations for the support of Government for the year 1830 was read the third time and passed. The act making appropriations for the Military Service for the year 1830 was ordered to a third reading. The act making appropriations for the Naval Service for the year 1830 was passed. Some time was spent in the consideration of Executive business.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Numerous petitions were presented and referred. One of these petitions, presented by Mr. Strong, praying for the discontinuance of Sunday mails, called forth a few remarks from Mr. R. M. Johnson.

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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10. In the House of Representatives, the resolution submitted some time since by Mr. Incks on the subject of Maps, was, on motion of Mr. Daniel, committed to the Committee on Relations with Foreign Countries, and the corresponding motion relative to the change in the rules of the House, received a similar reference. The resolution offered by Mr. Daniel relative to the expenditures of the Government in 1828 and 1829, was taken up, when Mr. Ingersoll moved to amend the resolution by adding a call for other information calculated to make the report more complete. The resolution and amendment, however, were subsequently laid on the table, by a vote of 79 to 65.

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FOREIGN.

FROM COLOMBIA.

By the arrival of the schooner Horatio, in 20 days from Cartagena, late advices are received from that place. Mr. Radcliffe, late Consul of the United States at Lima, came passenger in this vessel. To his politeness, several of the New York papers are indebted for intelligence and important documents. The Constituent Congress of Colombia was installed at Bogota on the 28th of January, according to the decree of Dec. 24th. Forty-seven deputies were present, exceeding two-thirds of the whole number required for a quorum. They went from the palace of the government, with the Liberator President at their head, to the Cathedral, to attend a solemn mass, and thence to the hall of appointment for their sessions, where many citizens were present. There, after a short speech, the President, accompanied by the ministers of foreign relations and the interior, administered the oath to the deputies, who presented themselves two by two. The deputies then proceeded to divide into three parts, and Borrero, 15, Castillo 1, Restrepo 2, and Canabal 1. Sucre, therefore, was declared President. Esteves, Bishop of Santa Maria, was then chosen Vice-President, by 30 votes; and Burgos, Secretary of the Interior, then declared the Congress legally installed, and gave the officers their seats.

GEN. SUCRE then made a speech, in which "he praised the firmness with which Bolivar had guided the Republic in a dangerous crisis, convoking a Congress which will be able to heal all its distresses, and abdicating, spontaneously, the unlimited power which the people had confided in him." His Excellency replied, that "in the Congress were placed the best and most legitimate hopes of the nation, to which they would undoubtedly give a Constitution full of power and liberty, and that he retired with the greatest confidence, because he left at the head of the representatives the Great Marshal of Ayacucho."

PARIS CHITCHAT. Innocent scandal; innocent, inasmuch as though it throws a doubt upon the honesty of half a thousand persons, it does not positively impeach that of any one. "At a splendid soiree on Friday evening at Paris, the Countess de C. upon rising from the *scotch table*, missed her reticule, which contained a bank-note of 1000 francs, and 100 francs in gold. It was clear that one of the party had taken it, and some person proposed that every one should suffer himself to be searched. This plan seems to have alarmed the thief, for the reticule and its contents were at that moment found behind the cushion of a sofa in a room that the countess had not entered during the evening.

THEY TELL the following anecdote of the brother of M. Guernon de Ranville, just after the latter was appointed minister. He was at that time exercising the profession of drawing-master in Paris, and was giving lessons to Mlle. Blanche Foy, daughter of the late celebrated General of that name. The day on which Guernon de Ranville was nominated, the brother presented himself at the house of Madame Foy, and begged that she would have the goodness to provide herself with another drawing master, and he added, "I hope, however, madame, that you will preserve your present favorable opinion of me, for these are changeable times, and there is no knowing how soon my brother may be obliged to return to his gown, and to my crayons."

THE three lads implicated in stealing, in the church of St. Roch, the reticule of the Countess de Lafare, containing 120,000 francs, have been tried and condemned to imprisonment, and also the woman who aided them in concealing the theft. One lad alone was found guilty of the actual theft; he and his chief accomplice were condemned to five years' imprisonment, and the other lads and the woman to two years.

Mons. Ouyard was liberated from prison on Thursday week, the day on which his five years of imprisonment expired. By this step, of throwing himself into prison, and remaining there for the whole term required by the French laws, he has cleared himself from the enormous debts that were alleged against him, to the amount of nearly twelve millions of francs. The process of Mons. Seguin, which had for its object to keep Mons. Ouyard in prison for twenty months longer, on the plea, that the first twenty months of his late confinement were not incurred for debt, but on another ground, has failed.

SWITZERLAND, which formerly used to be pictured as the spot of morality and simplicity, furnishes now its quota of crime. The Criminal Court of Bern lately condemned a woman to suffer death for setting fire to a house. There were three children in the house, the oldest of whom was only four years of age. Being aware that the parents were absent, she seized that opportunity of committing the horrible offence to which she was instigated by a spirit of revenge. The house was burnt to the ground, and the infants perished. In pursuance of the sentence, the prisoner was, on the 10th of December, fastened to a stake erected in the middle of a pile of wood; in the place of public execution at Nydas, where, after being strangled, the pile was lighted, and she was burned to ashes.

SLAVE TRADE AT RIO. A correspondent of the Baltimore American, in a letter under date of 11th January, in reference to this subject, says:—"I will relate but a single fact at this time, to show the dreadful character of the Slave Trade. The Brazilian government derives a large revenue from the importation of Slaves, and immediately on their arrival, without regard to their health or condition. When vessels, therefore, which have slaves on board, arrive off the port, a general survey takes place by the physician, and those poor wretches whose existence is doubtful are thrown overboard alive, to save the duty!"

DOMESTIC.

EXPEDITION FOR LIBERIA.

THE fine new brig MONTGOMERY, owned by John Hanson, of Philadelphia, has been chartered by the Colonization Society, to convey emigrants to Liberia. She can accommodate, comfortably, about 150 passengers. All who would obtain a passage in this vessel should be in Norfolk, on or before the 10th of April. Applications for a passage, in behalf of free persons of color, or those liberated with a view to their colonization in Africa, should be made immediately to the Secretary of the Society, Washington, or to J. H. B. Latrobe, Esq. Baltimore, John McPhail, Esq. Small Stationer or Wm. B. Tyler, Fredericktown, Md.; Wm. M. Blackford, Fredericksburg, Va.; Benjamin Brand, Richmond, Va.; Wm. M. Atkinson, Petersburg, Va.; R. H. Tozer, Lynchburg, Va.; Nathan Mendenhall, Greensboro, N. C.; or Caleb White, Perquimans, N. C.

THE Dead Alive. In the winter of 1828, Mr. Asa Jordan and family, of Coventry, (Conn.) were brought before a Court of the Justices of that town, for examination on the charge of having been accessory to the murder of a young man named James Smith, of the town of Sterling, in the same State. They were all honorably acquitted; but the fact of being arrested upon such a foul charge, must have left the most painful impressions. It now appears that the supposed murdered man is alive, and belongs to the army. He was seen at Petersburg, by an old friend, lately, on his march to protect the far traders near the Rocky Mountains. He states that the news of the arrest of Mr. Jordan produced a serious effect on his mind, and he solemnly averred that no difficulty had ever occurred between them.

THE Boston show bills give the following description of the Walking skeleton, mentioned in our paper:—"His name is Gen. Bonaparte, alias Calvin Edson. He was born in Stafford, Conn. in 1788. He was a soldier in the last war, since which time he has uniformly gone by the name of Bonaparte. He was married in 1821, and has had four children by his wife, three of which are now living—the eldest of which is deaf and dumb, and the youngest a helpless infant of eight months old! He is destitute of property, and nearly blind, having lost the sight of one eye, and purbled of the other—and his whole person bears a near resemblance to a human skeleton, an Egyptian Mummy, or a walking Ghost. He is 42 years old, 5 feet 2 inches in stature, weighs 66 pounds, and solicits the patronage of the ladies and gentlemen." He holds a "love" daily.

SLAVES AND SLOVE PIPES.—IMPORTANT FACTS.—A few days since, the store occupied by Thayer and Clark, in Merchant's Row, was discovered to be on fire. On examination, it was found that the heat from the back of a small cast iron stove in the counting room had set fire to the furring and lathing through a coat of plaster with which they were covered. The space between the back of the stove and the plastered wall, was from five to six inches, and the plastering was of the usual thickness.

THE Episcopal Church in Petersburg, Va. was considerably injured by fire on Wednesday week.

THE Georgetown Columbian of the 4th inst. says:—"It may not be amiss to state that the line of the Canal as far as Seneca is under contract, and expected to be completed by the 1st of June; an opportunity will thus be afforded for an aquatic excursion on the 4th of July next. Such is the progress of the preparations made by the Directors, that should the Rail Road Company, at an early day, meet the proposition of the Canal Company for the removal of the legal impediments that obstruct the progress of both works beyond the Point of Rocks, there is no doubt that the entire line of the Canal to Harper's Ferry may be opened early enough for a similar celebration the ensuing year."

FREDERICK COUNTY CANAL.—The Fredericktown Herald of Saturday contains the Report of Dr. Martineau, the able Engineer, employed last Summer, by the town authorities, to make a survey and furnish estimates, &c. for a Canal from Fredericktown to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. Accompanying this Report are very neat maps and profiles, illustrative of the Survey. The whole length of the proposed Canal is to be about twenty-four miles. It is divided into two sections, the Northern division, the former extending from Frederick to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and the latter from Frederick to the termination of the Canal near Woolborough. The expense of excavating the Northern Section of this lateral Canal is computed at \$155,125, and that of the Southern Division at 174,203. Total \$329,330, from which, deducting the cost of three miles of the feeder to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, to be made by that company, and the cost of the whole work is estimated at \$296,389, or \$13,722 per mile. [Nat. Int.]

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL.—The National Journal of the 9th. says:—"Mr. Hemphill, from the Committee on Internal Improvement, of the House of Representatives, made yesterday a report on the memorials praying for an appropriation for the purpose of aiding in the construction of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal West of the Alleghany mountain. The committee express their entire sense of the importance of this lateral Canal, and their recommendation that a bill be introduced for the purpose of procuring a subscription, until it shall be ascertained whether the communication to the Eastern foot of the Alleghany mountain shall be made by canal or rail road. They then refer to their recent report on the application of the Rail Road Company."

THE Rail Road.—We omitted to mention in our last, that several very satisfactory excursions were made upon the Rail-road yesterday morning. A number of strangers were present from different quarters of the Union, as also Mr. Branch, Secretary of the Navy. The Winans Car with a full freight of passengers, made several trips to and from the Carrollton Viaduct at the rate of fifteen miles an hour; and the "Meteor" sailing Car was borne on the wings of the wind, at the rate of more than twenty miles an hour. This car made two trips to the Viaduct, carrying each time a full complement of passengers, and exceeding at the rate as above stated. So far as we learn, the trial and exhibitions were highly satisfactory to the company present. [Balt. Pat. 6th.]

FRENCHTOWN AND NEWCASTLE RAILROAD.—Books were opened at Newcastle, on the 3th inst. to receive subscriptions for \$125,000, to construct a Rail Road from that place to Frenchtown. On that day the amount of \$87,000 was subscribed; which is considered sufficient to secure, effectually, the completion of the work. The books remain open, we understand, to obtain the additional \$38,000.

THE U. S. frigate Brandywine is waiting for a fair wind to put to sea, being ordered to the West India station on a four months' cruise, after which she will return. This beautiful ship in most excellent order, and has a fine and healthy looking crew on board as we ever saw. She is modestly rated as a forty-four, but carries 60 guns, thirty-two on the gun-deck, and twenty-four on the upper. She has five hundred souls on board. She would have put to sea yesterday morning, had the wind been favorable. [N.Y. Com. Adv. 6th.]

MACHINE FOR MAKING SHINGLES.—We were invited on Saturday last, to witness the operation of a machine for making shingles, invented by, and belonging to, Mr. Ezekiel Birdseye, now in this city, but recently from Connecticut.

This machine is one of the most extraordinary we have ever seen, if we take into consideration its results, simplicity and cheapness. It consists of a large single wheel, on the side of which is affixed a knife, by which the shingles are cut. This wheel is attached to steam power by a leathern band, and revolves with exceeding rapidity.

The whole machine, independent of the power, costs but about fifteen dollars. Two hundred and forty handsome shingles, of ordinary width, are made by it in a minute, or upwards of fourteen thousand in an hour. [Cincinnati American.]

FROM THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER, MARCH 9. In the House of Representatives yesterday, the seat of the Hon. Thomas Newton, of Virginia, was vacated, upon the report of the Committee on Elections, by a majority of 15 votes; a small majority indeed, to oust from his seat a Member who had occupied it, by successive elections, for nearly thirty years.

It is due to Mr. Newton, whom we are about to miss from his accustomed place, to say, that a noble faithful, pure, and consistent politician, has never filled a seat in the Representative Hall. His firmness and patriotism during the late war, and his preceding crisis, and at all times, were unexcelled, but always tempered with an urbanity and mildness, which greatly increased the lustre of his public virtues. He has for several years past been the Father of the House; that is, its oldest Member. In his present retirement, he will have the consolation of carrying with him the personal respect and regard of nearly all the eminent living statesmen of our country.

THE great debate in the Senate is not yet ended, nor, as far as we see, is it likely soon to be. A new topic is introduced to-day, by Mr. Grundy, in defence of the removals from office under the present administration, which is likely to prolong the discussion. This topic has already produced some most able debate, and will not, we apprehend, be very soon exhausted.

Some of our contemporaries, we observe, regret this widely discursive debate, and think the time misspent which is employed in it. Not so we. We do not see how the time of the Legislators for the Nation, during a portion of each biennial long session of Congress, can be more usefully employed, than in a recurrence to first principles, in an examination of questions of more recent date; in a free examination of popular errors and prejudices, and in reciprocal explanations, by the members, of their particular views of things. Nor are the benefits of these collisions of opinion, and consequent effusions of light, confined to the walls of the Capitol. No; they penetrate the remotest corners of the Republic, and enlighten all its borders. The speeches of the Members, are read in the schools, books in the system of National education. They do not answer the elementary purpose of "teaching the young idea how to shoot," but they serve to mature its after-blossoms into fruit, and give to the fruit its wholesome flavor and medicating influences. For all the purposes of instruction in the practical sciences of government, the perusal of one good speech, in such a debate, is worth a whole year's study of the ponderous tomes of the scholastic exercises, with which the heads of our collegians are generally filled, to the exclusion of all proper instruction in the theory or practice of their own government.

This debate has, it is true, grown up unexpectedly, upon a question not particularly inviting it. But, when the heart is full, the mouth will speak; and, under such circumstances, the occasion serves as well as another. In the early history of this Government, following the example of the British Parliament, the debate in each House, early in each session of Congress, upon the answer to the President's speech, furnished the opportunity for this general disburdening of men's minds. On the discontinuance of that practice, it was natural that other occasions should be seized for it. Such an occasion has been found at this session, in the Senate, and it has been duly improved. In the House of Representatives there have been some skirmishes, but the main engagement has yet to take place, and may shortly be expected to come on. There is no such thing, perhaps, in that body, as a clearly defined opposition, or Administration party; but there is sufficient contrariety of opinion to furnish materials for a debate on matters and things in general, and it can hardly be otherwise than that it shall break out. [Nat. Int.]

YORK AND MARYLAND LINE RAILROAD.—A letter from a gentleman of Harrisburg to his friend in this City, under date of the 27th inst. states that the vote in the House of Representatives, on transcribing this bill for a third reading was 53 yeas—17 nays. It was to be called up on its final passage through that body on Monday; and the writer states there was no doubt but it would pass. He also gives it as his opinion—though with less confidence—that the bill would pass the Senate. [Balt. Pat.]

WE learn from the Mobile Register of the 17th ult. that the water in both their principal rivers the Alabama and Tombecbe, was so low that it was with great difficulty they were navigated by steamboats. Large quantities of cotton were lying at many of the landings, and the business of that place was put back considerably in consequence.

During the winter we occasionally heard of robberies having been perpetrated upon wood-piles, hen-coops, &c. and on Sunday night last, some person or persons forced the door of Mr. F. Hardt, and removed from the drawer in his store, a small amount of money in change. [Shepherdstown Pioneer.]

THE PRESS.

WEDNESDAY

The opinion, on the new Constitution, which was adopted by a large majority, was kept from the voters in every way possible. There is no little doubt, but it will be unnecessary to discuss its merits, as it is certainly an improvement upon the part of nevertheless, unpeace and harmony come to the people.

It should be recognized on the other side, and although all will be in vain, a small as possible, grace, express the general acquiescence more necessary, it should appear by every means, as it would be made a wealth.

The opposition more formidable than the proceeding have excited, immediately concluded so many highly distinguished talents, that it is much anxiety. The publication at persons of other states and Missouri, St. Louis Times.

Virginia Convention has been the subject of some of the views of the great interest, most profound age. There is right of suffrage in the which, as we did the Convention we could have no hesitation in that taking all, the new best that could found admirably political condition. "And can but expect substitution will and that Virginia has been the cratic arch, a cal armament."

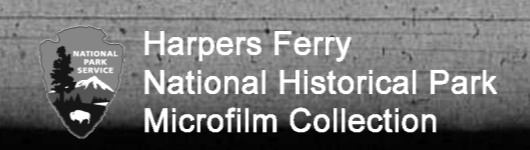
John Yates, George W. Huntington, by the way, for the ratification of the Constitution.

Ebenezer C. late Superior Court made a full confession seven necessary to the this horrible of Superintendent order to destroy Dunn for employment being refused, gun and press Dunn immediately claiming to be lowered to Mr. Cox immediately filled with on what had taken.

Four of the ever and of of Cox corroborating to day by an since others of the surrendered an examination.

An inquirer the body of a young through short distance in this count dead several accidentally ed. His name.

A copious opened on of this place the was for an ice- All difficulties town with The situation that of the part of our on telling.





VARIETY.

TO PREVENT BUGS IN PEAS. Having seen pieces occasionally in your New England Farmer...

THE WALKING SKELETON. The Boston Daily Advertiser states the following curious circumstance:—

Sir Edmund Saunders, Chief Justice of the King's Bench, in the reign of Charles II. was originally a strolling beggar about the streets...

Double Blessedness.—If a maiden lady lives in what Shakespeare calls a state of single blessedness...

THE CENTRAL HOTEL. SITUATED in Charlottesville, Jefferson county, Virginia, late Fulton's Hotel...

Tavern at Snickers' Ferry. THE undersigned respectfully informs that he has taken the BRICK TAVERN at Snickers' Ferry...

FOR RENT. IN the house now occupied by the subscriber, on the main street in Charlottesville...

A Room for Rent. I HAVE a spare room, in the house now occupied by me, which I will rent for the ensuing year...

TWO GOOD ROOMS. IN the house now occupied by the subscriber, on the main street in Charlottesville...

CHEAP CARPETING. FOR sale by HUMPHREY KEYES. Jan. 6, 1830.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

WILL sell my farm lying on Cat-tail Run, three miles from Charlottesville...

Another Tract of Land, containing 814 Acres, well watered, with a good dwelling house and mill-shop on it.

DR. W. JUDKINS Patent Specific Ointment. PAINS have been taken to make this supply very good...

THE above Ointment is offered to the public as a safe and certain remedy for those obstinate diseases...

TO THE PUBLIC.

The following communication, addressed to the proprietor of Judkins' Ointment...

Sir—It has been my wish for a considerable time, to communicate to you the good effect which I have used the Ointment...

Double Blessedness.—If a maiden lady lives in what Shakespeare calls a state of single blessedness...

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ANOTHER SUPPLY. The Subscriber is now receiving HANDSOME ASSORTMENT of SEASONABLE GOODS.

SHORT HORNS.

White Post, Frederick City, Dec. 22, 1829. Ma DAVIS—I beg leave to state, through the medium of the Republican...

Handsome Farm. LIVING in Jefferson County, Va. on the road from Charlottesville to Alexandria...

PUBLIC SALE. BY virtue and in pursuance of a deed of trust, executed by Michael Walsh...

VALUABLE TAN YARD. BY virtue of a decree of the county court of Jefferson county, Va...

NOTICE. THE undersigned being desirous to change his business, solicits all persons who have unsettled mill accounts...

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SALE ON THE 5TH OF APRIL.

IN conformity to two deeds of trust, executed by Walter B. Selby to the subscriber, the first bearing date on the 15th day of March, in the year 1817...

Two Tracts of Land. Containing about TWO HUNDRED and EIGHTY THREE Acres, lying on both sides of the road leading from Shepherdstown to Harpers Ferry...

A House and Lot. And supposed to be one of the best stands for business in the said town—being the property comprised in the said deeds...

PROPOSALS. WILL be received at the Office of the Superintendent of the United States Army, at Harpers Ferry, till the 23rd of March...

NEW GOODS. THE undersigned is receiving a fresh supply of Seasonable Goods...

NEW MUSIC. THE subscribers have just received a large quantity of well selected, new and fashionable Piano Music...

GEO. W. HAMMOND. NEW STORE. In Charlottesville. IS now receiving and opening a fresh supply of SEASONABLE GOODS...

FOR RENT. THE House in Charlottesville now occupied by John S. Gallaher...

MORE NEW GOODS. Just ready for Sale! FROM disposition and the press of business, the subscriber has not been able to get all his NEW GOODS open and ready for sale...

FOR RENT. THE House in Charlottesville now occupied by John S. Gallaher...

MORE FALL AND WINTER GOODS. JOSEPH I. RUSSELL & CO. HAVE just received an additional supply of FALL and WINTER GOODS...

DRY GOODS. Hard Ware, Queens and Glass Ware, Groceries, &c. &c. which will be sold as low as can be purchased...

MORE AUCTION GOODS. Purchased at Knock-down Prices! THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally...

CHEAP GOODS. Purchased by one of our firm within the last ten days, who has been in market attending the auction...

CLOVER SEED. FOR SALE BY HUMPHREY KEYES. Feb. 10, 1830.

GROUND ALUM SALT. THE subscribers have just received their usual supply of Ground Alum and Liver Salt...

WANTED. 20,000 Pounds Clean I then Rags, for which Goods at cash price will be given.

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